

Draw a line to match the appropriate type of acne.

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| 1. Acne Mechanica | A. Probably a result of changes in the progesterone levels. |
| 2. Acne Excoriee des Jeunes Filles | B. A disease that affects women characterized by bumps, redness, and sometimes itching around the mouth and corners of the nose. This is not true acne. |
| 3. Acne Mallorca | C. A severe scarring type of acne that afflicts soldiers stationed in the tropics. |
| 4. Tropical Acne | D. A very severe type of acne in which nodules are connected beneath the skin's surface to other nodules or acne lesions, usually leaves severe scarring of the face and back accompanied at times by cysts under the arms. |
| 5. Extra Y Chromosome | E. Acne caused by constant exposure to hydrocarbons in such substances as motor oil and insecticides, usually in the work place. |
| 6. Infantile Acne | F. Caused by mechanical irritation such as chin straps of football players, bra straps, sleeping on only one side of the face, using the telephone, etc. Causes friction and occlusion resulting in acne. |
| 7. Chloracne | G. Acne caused by overuse of irritating and abrasive scrubbing agents. |
| 8. Acne Detergicans | H. Acne around hairline and neck caused by ingredients in hair products |
| 9. Acne Medicamentosa | I. Caused by coal tar and dandruff shampoos and medications containing tar. |
| 10. Premenstrual Acne | J. Internal or topical use of corticosteroids causes this unique follicular inflammation that resolves itself with cessation of steroid therapy. |
| 11. Pitch Acne | K. Acne where none exists (thinking large pores represent acne lesions). |
| 12. Acne Conglobata | L Occurs around the eyes of adult Caucasians from excessive sun exposure. Sometimes called solar acne or senile acne. |
| 13. Imaginary acne | M. Iodides, bromides, steroids, high doses of b-12, dilantin, barbiturates, lithium, antibiotics, and certain hormones are but a few of the medicines known to cause acne. |
| 14. Inflamed | N. A disease of women who compulsively pick their faces, often when there is nothing to pick, often causing horrendous scarring. |
| 15. Solar Blackheads | O. Often appearing at 3 or 4 months of age; it burns itself out in a year or two and in rare cases is caused by endocrine abnormalities. |
| 16. Rosacea | P. A condition usually found in fair skinned people having dilated blood vessels, small brittle papules on the checks and nose and sometimes an enlarged bulbous nose. |
| 17. Papulopustular | Q. People with XYY chromosomes may suffer severe acne. |
| 18. Perioral Dermatitis | R. Use of oily and comedogenic cosmetic ingredients causing a non-inflammatory acne condition, usually on the cheeks and around the lip line. |
| 19. Steroid Acne | S. Caused by prolonged exposure to the sun. |
| 20. Nodulocystic | T. Comedones (plural term for comedo – whitehead or blackhead) |
| 21. Acne Cosmetica | U. Red, swollen, and pus-filled lesions including papules, pustules, nodules, and cysts |
| 22. Pomade Acne | V. This is common, ordinary acne also referred to as acne vulgaris. It is a combination of comedones and pustules or papules; may be non-inflamed or mildly inflamed. Severity is determined by the number of papules and pustules – the more there are, the more severe the case of acne. |
| 23. Non-inflamed | W. This severe acne is characterized by the presence of nodules, which can be disfiguring and even painful. |

Answers

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